

### PUBLIC COMMENTS FOR IBR PROGRAM EXECUTIVE STEERING GROUP

Received between October 19 – November 16, 2021

Bob Ortblad

11/15/21

Interstate Bridge Replacement Program

Please accept the attached "ESG Public Comment"

\* ADA compliant versions of the attachments can be made available upon request

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### November Newsletter

Structures Lead, Rob Turton Structural engineering is not a job, it's a calling, says Rob Turton.

"That fascination led him to working on iconic structures like the **Golden Gate Bridge**, the **Oakland Bay Bridge**, the **Gerald Desmond Bridges** in California, and the massive **Corpus Christi Harbor Bridge** in Texas. He also aided in the engineering work on the original **Columbia River Crossing** project."

#### **Comments on IBRP's November Newsletter:**

Rob Turton has experienced the **high risk** of cost overruns and years of delay, in the design of seismic resistance bridges.

Golden Gate Bridge Oakland Bay Bridge Gerald Desmond Bridges Corpus Christi Harbor Bridge Columbia River Crossing 27 years of seismic retrofits costing over \$1 billion
10 years late and \$5 billion over budget
7 years of construction \$500 million over budget work suspended for design errors, Nov. 2019
canceled 2013 after \$200 million spent

Bob Ortblad MSCE, MBA





Bridges were originally designed for both the Fraser River and the Fehmarn Baltic Sea crossing. However, after a second analysis by international immersed tunnel engineers, tunnels are now being built.





The IBRP's "Tunnel Concept Assessment" is worthless. It evaluated an immersed tunnel under the wrong barge channel location. An immersed tunnel near the center to the river would be shorter, with less grade, have 60% less cut and cover, and cost much less.



### **Executive Steering Group**

The IBR Program has spent \$26 million and delivered no new feasible options. The IBR is recycling two options from the "Columbia River Crossing", and has developed one new bizarre option, a "Stacked alignment".

All three options will have a dangerous 4% grade, the steepest interstate bridge grade in the country.

Bob Ortblad MSCE, MBA



The IBR's "Stacked alignment option" has at least five major problems.

## 1. Derailment





#### Uses same trains as DC metro

Metro 7000-Series Safety Problems Could Have Led To 'Catastrophic Event,' Service Limited This Week

https://dcist.com/story/21/10/18/wmata-metro-7000-series-safety-derailment-catastrophic-delays/

Over half of Washington, D.C., Metro rail cars pulled after derailment

https://www.nbcnews.com/news/us-news/over-half-washington-d-c-metro-rail-cars-pulled-after-n1281814

#### One DC Metro Train Derailed Three Times In A Day

https://jalopnik.com/one-dc-metro-trainderailed-three-times-in-a-day-1847922741



7000-Series



# 2. Asymmetrical loading





250 tons- asymmetrical loading



An asymmetric 250-ton load contributed to the Minneapolis I-35 Bridge collapse.

A 500-ton asymmetric load on a cantilever will twist the 500-foot trusses needed for the "Stacked alignment option".

## 3. Weather and Noise exposure



Figure 4. Stacked alignment option

Weather and Noise exposure



If the rain and wind don't blow pedestrians and cyclists off the bridge, then direct and reflected noise will drive them off.



# 4. Suicide

The West Coast has the country's two deadliest bridges for suicide.

Without safety measures a new Columbia River high bridge will be an additional fatal attraction to the sick and desperate.



# 5. Approaches and Ramps

A snarl of highway approaches and ramps will blanket the Vancouver Riverfront.



# Immersed tube tunnel the best option

An immersed tube tunnel uses buoyance for support, displacing its own weight in a river bottom trench. A bridge needs complex and expensive 250-foot pilings, 100-foot bridge piers, and 500-foot trusses for support. An immersed tube tunnel will half the total grade of a bridge and protect traffic from ice, rain, and wind.



An immersed tube tunnel also protects pedestrians and cyclists from weather, vehicle pollution, and noise.





Buoyancy is free, a supporting force for an immersed tunnel that puts almost no weight on the soft river bottom.

Gravity is expensive, massive 5,000-ton bridge trusses will need long, complex, and expensive piles and priers for support. Piles will penetrate 250 feet of soft river bottom and put a 5,000-ton load on small area of solid ground.



Nearly zero pressure on river bottom